- 1. A scanner, comprising:
- a beam generator operable to generate a scan beam;
- a beam-reflector assembly having a first magnet and operable to sweep the scan beam; and

a beam-sweep mechanism having a second magnet and operable to activate the beam-reflector assembly by exerting a first force on the first magnet with the second magnet.

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- 2. The scanner of claim 1 wherein the beam generator comprises a laser diode.
- 3. The scanner of claim 1, further comprising a beam detector operable to read the return beam reflected from a target.
- 4. The scanner of claim 1 wherein the beam-reflector assembly:

 comprises a multi-faceted mirror that is operable to reflect the scan beam onto a target; and

is operable to rotate the mirror to sweep the scan beam across the target when the beam-reflector assembly is activated by the beam-sweep mechanism.

- 5. The scanner of claim 1 wherein the beam-sweep mechanism causes the beam-reflector assembly to rotate back and forth by exerting the first force on the first magnet with the second magnet.
- 6. The scanner of claim 1 wherein the beam-sweep mechanism causes the beam-reflector assembly to rotate back and forth and damps the rotation by exerting the first force on the first magnet with the second magnet.

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- 7. The scanner of claim 1 wherein the beam-sweep mechanism deactivates the beam-reflector assembly by exerting a second force on the first magnet with he second magnet, the second force being opposite to the first force.
- 8. The scanner of claim 1 wherein before activating the beam-reflector assembly, the beam-sweep mechanism is operable to retain the beam-reflector assembly in a home position by exerting a second force on the first magnet with the second magnet, the second force being opposite to the first force.
- 9. The scanner of claim 1 wherein the beam-sweep mechanism:
 causes the beam-reflector assembly to rotate back and forth by exerting the first force on the first magnet with the second magnet; and

causes the beam-reflector assembly to return to a home position by exerting a second force on the first magnet with the second magnet, the second force being opposite to the first force.

- 10. A scanner, comprising:
- a beam generator operable to generate a scan beam;
- a beam detector operable to read a return beam reflected from a target;
- a beam-reflector assembly having a mirror and a first magnet, the mirror operable to sweep the scan beam across the target; and
 - a beam-sweep mechanism having a second magnet and operable to,
 retain the mirror of the beam-reflector assembly in and return the mirror to
 a home position by attracting the first magnet with the second magnet, and
 rotate the mirror of the beam-reflector assembly back and forth in an
 underdamped manner by repelling the first magnet with the second magnet.
- 11. The scanner of claim 10 wherein the mirror of the beam-reflector assembly is operable to direct the return beam to the beam detector while sweeping the scan beam across the target.

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12. The scanner of claim 10, further comprising a button that is coupled to the beam-sweep mechanism and that is operable to:

cause the beam-sweep mechanism to rotate the mirror of the beam-reflector assembly back and forth when pushed; and

cause the beam-sweep mechanism to retain the mirror of the beam-reflector assembly in or return the mirror to the home position when released.

13. The scanner of claim 10, further comprising:

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់ជ្ញុំ ជ្រុំ 15 a trigger mechanism coupled to the button and the beam-sweep mechanism and operable to:

cause the beam-sweep mechanism to rotate the mirror of the beam-reflector assembly back and forth only when the button is pushed a first predetermined distance from a button-released position; and

cause the beam-sweep mechanism to return the mirror of the beam-reflector assembly to the home position only when the button is released a second predetermined distance from a button-pushed position.

14. The scanner of claim 10, further comprising:

a button; and

a trigger mechanism coupled to the button and the beam-sweep mechanism and operable to:

cause the beam-sweep mechanism to initiate rotation of the mirror from the home position only when the button is pushed with at least a first predetermined force; and

cause the beam-sweep mechanism to return the mirror to the home position only when the pushing force on the button drops to or below a second predetermined force.

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- 15. A scanner, comprising:
- a beam generator operable to generate a scan beam;
- a beam-reflector assembly having a first magnet and operable to sweep the scan beam; and
- a beam-sweep mechanism having a second magnet configured for mechanical movement between a first position in which the second magnet attracts the first magnet and a second position in which the second magnet repels the first magnet.
- 16. The scanner of claim 15 wherein the beam generator comprises a laser10 diode.
 - 17. The scanner of claim 15 wherein the beam-reflector assembly comprises a rotatable mirror.
 - 18. The scanner of claim 15, further comprising a button coupled to the beam-sweep mechanism, the button designed to be pushed with an operator's thumb.
 - 19. The scanner of claim 15 wherein the beam-sweep mechanism causes the beam-reflector assembly to sweep the scan beam when the second magnet repels the first magnet.
 - 20. The scanner of claim 15 wherein the beam-sweep mechanism causes the beam-reflector assembly to remain in or to move to a home position when the second magnet repels the first magnet.
 - 21. A method, comprising:

generating a scan beam;

sweeping the beam across a target by exerting a first magnetic force on a beam reflector.

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- 22. The method of claim 21, further comprising reading a return beam reflected from the target by exerting the first magnetic force on the beam reflector.
- 23. The method of claim 21 wherein sweeping the beam comprises exerting 5 the first magnetic force to rotate the beam reflector back and forth.
 - 24. The method of claim 21 wherein sweeping the beam comprises exerting the first magnetic force to rotate the beam reflector back and forth and to dampen the rotation.

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25. The method of claim 21, further comprising returning the beam reflector to a home position after sweeping the beam by exerting a second magnetic force on the beam reflector.

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ΙŢ <u>.</u> 26. A method, comprising:

retaining a mirror in a home position with an attractive magnetic force: rotating the mirror back and forth with a repelling magnetic force to sweep a scan beam across a target and to direct a return beam reflected from the target to a beam detector; and

returning the mirror to the home position with the attractive magnetic force.

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- 27. The method of claim 26 wherein:
- rotating the mirror comprises pushing a button; and returning the mirror comprises releasing the button.

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28. The method of claim 26 wherein:

rotating the mirror comprises rotating the mirror only when a button is pushed a first predetermined distance from a button-released position; and

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returning the mirror comprises returning the mirror to the home position only when the button is released a second predetermined distance from a button-pushed position.

29. The method of claim 26 wherein:

rotating the mirror comprises rotating the mirror only when a button is pushed with at least a first predetermined force; and

returning the mirror comprises returning the mirror to the home position only when the pushing force on the button drops to or below a second predetermined force.